



## What do the vaccination abbreviations mean?

EWT	Eastern and Western Equine Encephalitis, Tetanus
VEE	Venezuelan Equine Encephalitis (not considered a threat in our area)
WNV	West Nile Virus
Flu	Equine Influenza
Rhino	Rhinopneumonitis (Equine Herpes Virus 1 and 4)
Strangles	Strangles/ <i>Streptococcus equi</i> (no longer vaccinated for routinely)

## Adult Horses

<b>Spring (March-May)</b>	EWT*/WNV (and Flu/Rhino if high risk)
<b>Fall (September-October)</b>	Flu/Rhino boosters if high risk

\* Tetanus should be boosted if a horse is injured, has surgery or develops an abscess and has not received the vaccine within the last 9 months.

A horse may be at high risk for Flu/Rhino if it frequents shows, organized trail rides, rodeos, etc. Any situation where it is exposed to many strange horses.

## Broodmares

Pregnant mares should be current on all vaccines prior to breeding.

<b>5th, 7th, 9th month</b>	Rhino
<b>30 days prior to due date</b>	EWT/WNV and deworming

## Foals

Foals require an initial vaccination followed by 2 boosters to develop full immunity. Vaccination recommendations vary depending on the vaccination status of the mother and when maternal antibodies decline.

### ***Foals from vaccinated mares***

<b>6, 8, 10 months of age</b>	EWT/WNV
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### ***Foals from unvaccinated mares***

<b>at birth</b>	Tetanus antitoxin
<b>3, 5, 7 months of age</b>	EWT/WNV